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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/552,496	04/23/2007	James Kang	L2:00544	7243
71897 7590 12/04/2008 KAUTH , POMEROY , PECK & BAILEY ,LLP P.O. BOX 19152 IRVINE, CA 92623			EXAMINER	
			LIN, KUANG Y	
IR VIINE, CA 92023			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/04/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/552,496	KANG, JAMES
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Kuang Y. Lin	1793
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	e correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mai earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATE 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fruite, cause the application to become ABANDO	ON. timely filed om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ The 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under	nis action is non-final. vance except for formal matters, p	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdred 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-23 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examination	rawn from consideration. /or election requirement.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according to the drawing and applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the left to be a specific and the drawing sheet and the drawing sheet are the drawing sheet are the drawing sheet and the drawing sheet are the drawing	ccepted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority docume 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applic iority documents have been rece eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over either US 5,647,921 to Odagawa et al. in view of US 4,791,979 to Liebermann or US 4,648,437 to Pryor et al. and further in view of US 2003/0222122 to Johnson et al. and US 5,384,203 to Apfel

Odagawa et al. substantially shows the invention as claimed except that they do not shows to obtain the viscosity of the bulk solidifying amorphous in the regime of about 0.1 to 10,000 poise and to foam the molten amorphous alloy prior to casting a foam strip having a thickness of at least 0.1 mm. However, it is a common knowledge that the puddle of the bulk solidifying amorphous alloy on the chill surface must be in a stable condition (see col. 4, lines 17-21 of US 4,791,979 to Liebermann) and also since the viscosity is one of the critical factors to determine the strip thickness (see col. 3, lines 42-60 of Pryor et al.). In view of the prior art teaching as a whole, it would have been obvious to obtain an appropriate viscosity of the casting alloy of Odagawa et al. through a routine experimentation such that the injected melt will form a stable puddle in view of Liebermann or Pryor et al. Further, Johnson et al. show that in the conventional casting process for forming the apparatus product the correlation between the critical cooling rate and the critical casting dimension is based on a single-step monotonous cooling process (see [0015]). They improve the

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amorphous product casting process by initially cooling the alloy to an intermediate forming temperature and then casting the alloy to the final product (See [0019]). The advantage of Johnson et al.'s process is that the correlation between the critical cooling rate and the critical casting dimension can be manipulated to obtain a thicker amorphous cast product. It would have been obvious to initially cool the alloy of Odagawa et al. to an intermediate temperature prior to the casting step in view of Johnson et al. Furthermore, Apfel shows to obtain the foamed amorphous article by first foaming the molten amorphous alloy before casting. Thus, it would have been obvious to foam the molten amorphous alloy of the Odagawa et al. prior to casting if a foamed amorphous strip product is designated. With respect to claims 5, 6, 9, 10, 12, 13, 20, and 23, it would have been obvious to obtain these process parameters through a routine experimentation for a specific alloy product to be cast. With respect to claim 14, that alloy composition is deemed to be conventional (see, for example, US 4,148,669 to Tanner et al.)

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3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kuang Y. Lin whose telephone number is 571-272-1179. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 10:00-6:30,.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jessica L. Ward can be reached on 571-272-1223. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Kuang Y. Lin/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1793

12-3-08